(Following Paper ID and Roll No.			•			
PAPER ID: 2112 Roll No.						

B. Tech.

(SEM V) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION 2010-2011

CONTROL SYSTEM

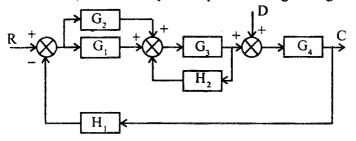
Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

- Note:- (1) Attempt all Questions
 - (2) All questions carry equal marks.
 - (3) Be precise in your answer.
- 1. Attempt any four parts:

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- (a) Explain open loop & closed loop control system with the help of suitable examples.
- (b) Explain the principle of servo-mechanism.
- (c) Explain the effect of feedback on sensitivity, gain and system stability.
- (d) Using block diagram reduction technique determine the ratio C/R, D/R for the system represented in given figure:



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fTurn Over

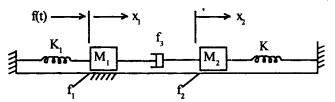
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(e) Construct the signal flow graph for the given set of equations;

$$X_2 = A_{21}X_1 + A_{23}X_3$$
,
 $X_3 = A_{31}X_1 + A_{32}X_2 + A_{33}X_3$,
 $X_4 = A_{42}X_2 + A_{43}X_3$

From the Masson's gain formula find $X_4/X_1 X_3/X_2$

(f) Draw the mechanical circuit diagram for the following system shown in given fig. & write system equations:



2. Attempt any two parts:

- $(2\times10=20)$
- (a) For a general second order system find the time response c(t), when input is unit step. Derive the formula for Peak time and Maximum overshoot.
- (b) A second order control system is represented by a transfer function:

$$\theta_0(s)/T(s) = 1/[Js^2+Fs+K]$$

Where θ_0 is the proportional output and T is the input torque. A step input of 10 Nm is applied to the system and result

A step input of 10 Nm is applied to the system and result are:

- aic.
- (a) Mp = 6%
- (b) Tp=1sec
- (c) Steady state value of the output (θ_0)
- is 0.5 rad. Determine the value of J, F and K.

(c) Discuss the PD, PI & PID controllers with their applications & their error constant.

3. Attempt any two parts:

- $(2 \times 10 = 20)$
- (a) Discuss the constructional feature and working principle of AC Servomotor.
- (b) Determine the stability of the system having following characteristic equation:

$$S^6 + S^5 + 5S^4 + 3S^3 + 2S^2 - 4S - 8 = 0$$

Using Routh-Hurwitz criterion.

(c) For the open loop transfer function draw the root locus and determine the value of K at s=-2 and comment as the stability and time response of the system.

$$G(s)H(s)=K(s+1)/(s^2+0.4s+0.4)$$

Q.4. Attempt any two parts:

- $(2\times10=20)$
- (a) Establish the correlation between time response and frequency response analysis and suitably explain with diagrams.
 - (b) Using Nyquist criterion investigate the stability of a closedloop control system whose open-loop transfer:

$$G(s) H(s) = K/s (sT_1+1)(sT_2+1)$$

(c) Sketch the asymptotic Bode plot for the T.F. given below:

$$G(s) H(s) = 2(s+0.25)/s^2(s+1) (s+0.5)$$

- (i) The phase cross-over frequency
- (i) The prime areas area from a second
- (ii) The gain cross-over frequency
- (iii) The gain margin
- (iv) The phase margin.

Is the system stable?

5. Attempt any two parts:

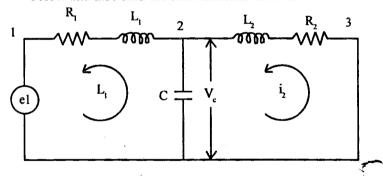
 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

(a) Consider a type-1 unity-feedback system with an open-loop transfer function:

$$G(s) = K/s (s+1)$$

It is desired to have the velocity error constant $K_v=10$ and the phase margin of the system be at least 45°. Design a suitable lead compensator.

(b) Find the state space representation (state transient diagram) using physical variables (I₁, I 2, Vc) of the network given below and also find the state transient matrix.



(c) Find the state model $[\mathring{x}] = [A][X] + [B][U] & [Y] = [C][X] + [D][U]$ in Controllability Canonical Form and Observability Canonical Form for given transfer function:

$$Y(s)/U(s) = (2s^2+2s+5)/(S^3+6S^2+11S+4)$$

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