

Printed Pages: 02

Sub Code: NEC101

Paper ID: 

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**B TECH**  
**(SEM I) THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18**  
**ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

Time: 3Hours

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all Sections. Assume missing data, if any.

**SECTION A**

**1. Attempt all questions in brief.**

**10 x 2 = 20**

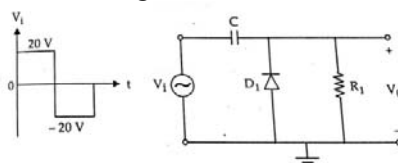
- a) Explain PN junction works as a rectifier?
- b) Breakdown voltage of a zener diode is 10V. It can dissipate a maximum power of 350 mW. Determine the maximum current the diode can handle?
- c) Why is collector wider than emitter and base?
- d) What is the relation among  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ ?
- e) Define CMRR and PSRR?
- f) What is the basic principle of CRT?
- g) In N-Channel JFET, If  $I_{DSS} = 8.7 \text{ mA}$ ,  $V_p = -3\text{V}$  and  $V_{GS \text{ off}} = -1\text{V}$  find the value of  $I_D$ ?
- h) What is the need of Modulation?
- i) What are the applications of CRO?
- j) For a given op-amp,  $\text{CMRR} = 10^4$  and  $A_d = 10^5$ , find its common mode gain?

**SECTION B**

**2. Attempt any three of the following:**

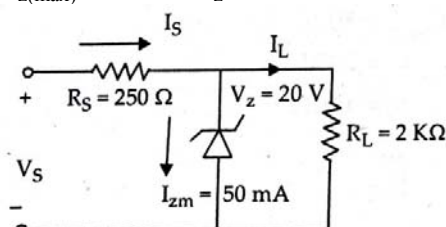
**10 x 3 = 30**

- a) For the clamping circuit shown in figure 1, sketch  $V_0$  ?



**Figure 1**

- b) Determine the range of values of  $V_s$  for the zener diode to remain in “ON” state. Given for Zener diode  $V_z = 20\text{V}$ ,  $I_{z(\text{max})} = 50\text{mA}$ ,  $R_z = 0\Omega$ .



**Figure 2**

c) From the circuit shown in figure 3, determine: (i)  $R_C$  (ii)  $R_E$  (iii)  $R_B$  (iv)  $V_{CE}$  (v)  $V_B$

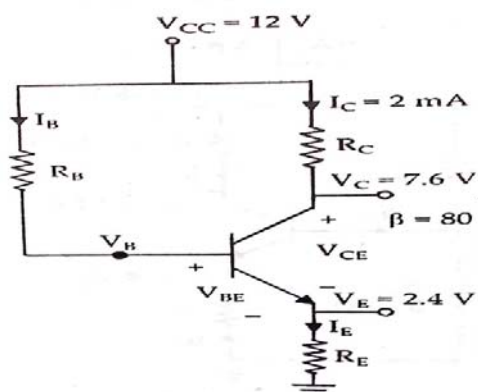


Figure 3

d) Draw the circuit of transistor in the CE configuration. Sketch the output characteristic. Indicate the Active, saturation region and cut-off region. Explain each region in detail.

e) Explain the different parameter of JFET?

(i) Static drain resistance (ii) AC drain resistance (iii) Transconductance (iv) Input Capacitance (v) Input Resistance

### SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

10 x 1 = 10

- Explain the operation of a tunnel diode. Draw the V-I characteristic of the diode and list the application of tunnel diode.
- (i) Explain the working of diode as a shunt regulator?  
(ii) Explain the difference between LCD and LED?

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

10 x 1 = 10

- Derive the expression for voltage gain and current gain in an emitter follower configuration?
- (i) Explain the function of coupling capacitor and bypass capacitor?  
(ii) Explain how an FET can be used as a voltage controlled resistor?

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

10 x 1 = 10

- For the op-amp shown in figure 4, find the values of  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  for the output to be  $V_0 = -5V_a + 3V_b$

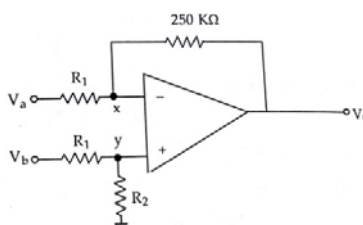


Figure 4

- (b) (i) Explain the working of Integrator with neat sketch?  
(ii) Write the short note on Inverting and non-inverting op-amp?

**6. Attempt any one part of the following:**

**10 x 1 = 10**

- (a) Explain briefly the working principle of a digital multi meter with the aid of a block diagram?  
(b) (i) Explain the function of ramp type of digital voltmeter?  
(ii) Sketch a Cathode Ray Tube used in a CRO? What are its main Parts?

**7. Attempt any one part of the following:**

**10 x 1 = 10**

- a) An FM signal has a resting frequency of 105 MHz and highest frequency of 105.03 MHz when modulated by a signal of frequency 5 KHz. Determine (i) Frequency deviation (ii) carrier swing (iii) modulation index (iv) percent modulation (v) lowest frequency reached by FM wave.  
b) (i) Explain frequency measurement using Lissajous pattern.  
(ii) What is the difference between AM and FM?