

**B-TECH**  
**(SEM. III) THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18**  
**Engg. Mathematics-III**

Time: 3 Hours

[Total Marks: 100]

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

**SECTION-A**

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

2x10 = 20

- a) Find inverse Z-transformation of  $\frac{z}{z^2-1}$ .
- b) If  $u(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$ , prove that u satisfies Laplace equation.
- c) Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{z^2+1}{z^2-1} dz$  where C is circle  $|z| = 3/2$ .
- d) Expand  $\frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$  in the regions  $|z| < 1$ .
- e) Estimate the production for 1964 and 1966 from the following data
- |             |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Year:       | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 |
| Production: | 200  | 220  | 260  | ---  | 350  | ---  | 430  |
- f) State Gregory-Newton divided difference interpolation formula.
- g) Find Z-transformation of  $f(k) = \begin{cases} 1, & k = 0 \\ 0, & k \neq 0 \end{cases}$
- h) State Cauchy's integral theorem.
- i) Prove that:  $\Delta \log f(x) = \log[1 + \frac{\Delta f(x)}{f(x)}]$
- j) Define kurtosis of a distribution.

**SECTION-B**

2. Attempt any three parts of the following:

(3 × 10 = 30)

- a) Find the Fourier transform of  $F(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < a \\ 0, & |x| > a \end{cases}$ ,  
hence evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$
- b) Examine the nature of the function  $f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y^5 (x+iy)}{x^4 + y^{10}}; & z \neq 0 \\ 0 & z = 0 \end{cases}$

In the region including the origin.

- c) Solve the following system of linear equations by Crout's Method :

$$x + y + z = 3; 2x - y + 3z = 16; 3x + y - z = -3$$

- d) Find the rank correlation coefficient of marks of A and B from the following data.

Marks A	15	20	27	13	45	60	20	75
Marks B	50	30	55	30	25	10	30	70

- e) Solve the following differential equations using Runge- Kutta method :

Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x+y}$  for  $x = 0.5$ , to  $x = 1$ ,  $h = 0.5$  with  $y(0) = 1$ .

### SECTION-C

3. Attempt any two parts of the following: (2 × 5 = 10)

- (a) Using Lagrange's interpolation formula, find  $y(10)$  from the following table:

x :	5	6	9	11
y :	12	13	14	16

- (b) The first four moments about the working mean 28.5 of a distribution are 0.294, 7.144, 42.409 and 454.98. Calculate the moments about the mean. Also evaluate  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$  and comment upon the skewness and kurtosis of the distribution.

- (c) Using the Fourier integral transformation, show that

$$e^{-ax} = \frac{2a}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos sx}{s^2 + a^2} ds, \quad a > 0, x \geq 0.$$

4. Attempt any two parts of the following: (2 × 5 = 10)

- (a) Evaluate by Cauchy integral formula  $\oint_C \frac{z^2 - 2z}{(z+1)^2(z^2 + 4)} dz$  where  $C$  is the circle  $|z| = 3$ .

- (b) Solve  $x^3 - 5x + 3 = 0$  by using Regula – Falsi method.

- (c) Using the Z-transform solve the following difference equations:

$$y_{k+2} + 6y_{k+1} + 9y_k = 2^k \text{ given } y_{(0)} = 0, y_{(1)} = 0.$$

5. Attempt any two parts of the following: (2 × 5 = 10)

- (a) If  $f(z) = u + iv$  is analytic function and  $u - v = e^x (\cos y - \sin y)$ , find  $f(z)$  in terms of  $z$ .

- (b) Using poisson distribution, find the probability that the ace of spades will be drawn from a pack of well shuffled cards at least once in 104 consecutive trials.

- (c) Find  $\int_0^6 \frac{e^x}{1+x} dx$  approximately using Simpson's 3/8 rule on integration.

**6. Attempt any two parts of the following: (2 × 5 = 10)**

- (a) The table given below reveals the velocity 'v' of a body during the time 't' specified.

Find its acceleration at t=1.1 .

t : 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4

v : 43.1 47.7 52.1 56.4 60.8

- (b) Using Complex integration method to evaluate
- $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 2\theta}{5+4\cos\theta} d\theta$
- .

- (c) Compute
- $f'(3)$
- from the following table

x : 1 2 4 8 10

y : 0 1 5 21 27

**7. Attempt any two parts of the following: (2 × 5 = 10)**

- (a) Using picards method obtain y for x=0.2, Given
- $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y$
- with initial condition y=1, when x=0.

- (b) Discuss the Newton-Raphson method and prove that the order of convergence of Newton-Raphson method is quadratic.

- (c) Fit a relation
- $y = ax + \frac{b}{x}$
- which satisfies the following data , using method of least square.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
y	5.4	6.2	8.2	10.3	12.6	14.8	17.2	19.5