

**B. TECH**  
**(SEM-III) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2019-20**  
**MATHEMATICS-III**

**Time: 3 Hours****Total Marks: 100****Note:** Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.**SECTION A****1. Attempt all questions in brief.****2 x 10 = 20**

- a. Define Analytic function.
- b. Define essential singular points with example.
- c. Discuss convolution theorem on Fourier transformation.
- d. Explain Z- transform of unit step function.
- e. Define the coefficients of Kurtosis.
- f. Define the terms expectation and variance.
- g. Describe mean of the continuous random variable with probability density function  $f(x) = 6x(1-x)$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ .
- h. Prove that  $E^{1/2} = \mu + \frac{\delta}{2}$
- i. Define order of convergence for finding out the root of a transcendental equation.
- j. What do you mean by initial value problem?

**SECTION B****2. Attempt any three of the following:****10x3=30**

- a. State and prove Cauchy integral formula. Also Evaluate  $\oint_c \frac{z^2 + 1}{z^2 - 1} dz$  where c is the circle:  $|z - 1| = 1$ .
- b. Determine the Fourier cosine transform of  $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$  and hence find Fourier sine transform of  $\frac{x}{1+x^2}$ .
- c. The first four moments about the working mean 20.4 of a distribution are 1.23, 3.27, 6.54 and 245.2. Calculate  $\beta_1, \beta_2$ .
- d. Using Gauss-Seidel iterative method to solve the following system of equations:  $9x + 4y + z = -17$ ;  $x - 2y - 6z = 14$ ,  $x + 6y = 4$ .
- e. Using Picard Method to approximate y when  $x = 0.1$ , given that  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$  and  $y = 0.5$ ,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0.1$  when  $x = 0$

**SECTION C****3. Attempt any one part of the following:****10x1=10**

- a. State and prove Cauchy's Residue Theorem and Evaluate  $\int_c \frac{1 - 2z}{z(z-1)(z-2)} dz$  where C is The circle  $|z| = 3$
- b. Discuss the nature of the function  $f(z) = \frac{x^3 y(y - ix)}{x^6 + y^2}$ ;  $z \neq 0$  and  $f(0) = 0$  at the origin.

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4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

10x1=10

- a. Express the function  $F(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 0, & \text{if } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$  as a Fourier integral. Hence evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin \lambda \cos \lambda x}{\lambda} d\lambda$ .
- b. Solve the difference equation  $y_{k+2} - 3y_{k+1} - y_k = u(k)$   
 $y(0)=y(1)=0$ .

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

10x1=10

- a. State and prove Baye's theorem.
- b. Three groups of children contain 3 girls and 1 boy; 2 girls and 2 boys; 1 girl and 3 boys respectively. One child is selected at random from each group. Calculate the chance of selecting 1 girl and 2 boys.

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

10x1=10

- a. Using Newton Raphson method, find the real root of the equation  $3x = \cos x + 1$   
 Correct to four decimal places.
- b. State and prove Rate of convergence of Regula –Falsi Method.

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

10x1=10

- a. Solve the initial value problem  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + y, y(0) = 1$  with  $h = 0.1$  on the interval  $[0, 0.3]$ .  
 Use the fourth order Runge – Kutta method.
- b. Find  $f'(1.1)$  from the following table:

x:	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0
f(x):	0.0	0.1280	0.5540	1.2960	2.4320	4.0