



(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 110307

Roll No.

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B. Tech. (IT)
(SEM. III) (ODD SEM.) THEORY
EXAMINATION, 2014-15
DATA STRUCTURE USING C

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

1 Attempt any **four** parts of the following : **5×4=20**

- Define Data structure. Describe about its need and types. Why do we need a data type?
- Write difference between array and linked list.
- What do you understand by complexity of an algorithm? Compute the worst case complexity for the following C code:

```
main ()
{
    int s=0,i,j,n;
    for (j=0;j<(3*n);j++)
    {
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            s=s+i;
        }
        printf("%d",j);
    }
}
```

- Write the difference between malloc and calloc functions. Why do we use dynamic memory allocation?
- Write algorithm or C code to insert a node in doubly link list in beginning.
- What is row major order? Explain with an example.

2 Attempt any four parts of the following : **5×4=20**

- What is Tower of Hanoi problem? Write the recursive code in C language for the problem.
- What is circular queue? Write a C code to insert an element in circular queue. Write all the condition for over flow.
- What is stack? Implement stack with singly link list.
- Write the procedures for insertion, deletion and traversal of a queue.
- Write a function in C language to reverse a string using stack.
- Convert following infix expression into post fix expression.
 $A + (B * C + D) / E$

3 Attempt any Two parts of the following : **10×2=20**

- Construct a height balanced Binary search tree by performing following operations:

Step 1 : Insert

19, 16, 21, 11, 17, 25, 6, 13

Step 2 : Insert

3

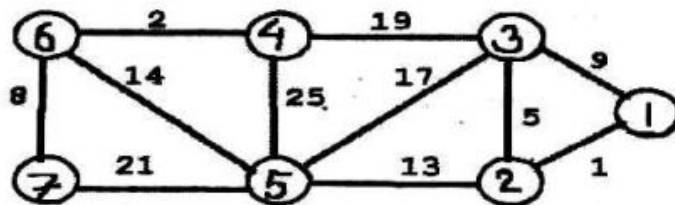
Step 3 : Delete

16

- (b) What is Huffman tree? Create a Huffman tree with following numbers.
24, 55, 13, 67, 88, 36, 17, 61, 24, 76
- (c) Define Binary Search Tree. Create BST for the following data, show all steps
20, 10, 25, 5, 15, 22, 30, 3, 14, 13

4 Attempt any **Two** parts of the following : $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Define spanning tree. Find the minimal spanning tree for the following graph using Prim's algorithm.



- (b) Find out the shortest path from node 1 to node 4 in a given graph (Fig. 1) using Dijkstra shortest path algorithm.

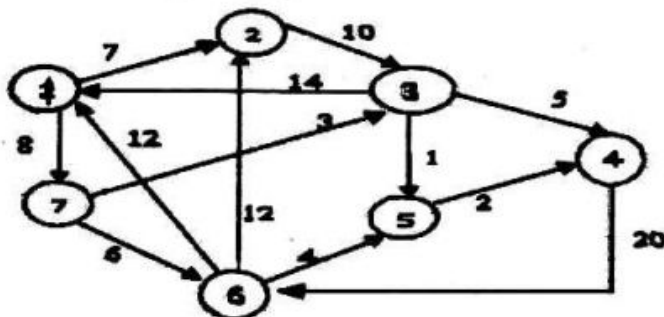


Figure: 1

- (c) Write DFS algorithm to traverse a graph. Apply same algorithm for the graph given above (Figure 1) by considering node 1 as starting node.

5 Attempt any **Two** parts of the following : $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What do you mean by hashing and collision? Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of hashing over other searching techniques.
- (b) Write an algorithm for merge sorting using the algorithm sort in according order :
10, 25, 16, 5, 35, 48, 8
- (c) Write short notes on any three :
(i) B-Tree
(ii) Insertion Sort
(iii) Heap Sort
(iv) Garbage Collection.