

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books)

Paper ID : 2012279

Roll No.

**B.TECH**

**Regular Theory Examination (Odd Sem -V), 2016-17**

**DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (DBMS)**

*Time : 3 Hours*

*Max. Marks : 100*

**Section - A**

**1. Attempt all parts . All parts carry equal marks.**

**Write answer of each part in short. (10×2=20)**

- What is data model? List the types of data model used.
- Give example for one to one and one to many relationship.
- With an example show how a referential integrity can be implemented.
- Write the purpose of trigger.
- What is normalization?
- Define the term ACID properties.

- State the properties of transaction.
- What is serializability? How it is tested?
- Why is concurrency control needed?
- Define timestamp.

**Section - B**

**2. Attempt any five questions from this section.**

**(5×10=50)**

- Consider the following relational database employee (employee-name, street, city works (employee-name, company-name, salary) company (company-name, city) manages (employee-name, manager-name).

Give an expression in SQL to express each of the following queries:

- Find the names and cities of residence of all employees who work for XYZ bank.
- Find the names, street address, and cities of residence of all employees who work for XYZ Bank and earn more than Rs. 10,000 per annum.
- Find the names of all employees in this database who live in the same city as the company for which they work.

- b) Discuss about the deadlock prevention schemes.
- c) Explain the differences between physical level, conceptual level and view level of data abstraction.
- d) Explain embedded SQL and dynamic SQL in detail.
- e) Describe shadow paging recovery technique.
- f) Write down in detail about deadlock and serializability.

**Section - C**

**Note: Attempt any 2 questions from this section.**

**(2×15=30)**

- 3. a) What are the relational algebra operations supported in SQL? Write the SQL statement for each operation.
- b) Draw an E-R diagram for a small marketing company database, assuming your own data requirements.
- 4. a) Explain 1NF, 2NF, 3NF and BCNF with suitable example.
- b) Consider the universal relational schema R (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J) and a set of following functional dependencies.

$$F = \{AB \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow DE, B \rightarrow F, F \rightarrow GH, D \rightarrow IJ\}$$

Determine the keys for R? Decompose R into 2nd Normal Form.

- 5. Explain the following protocols for concurrency control.
  - i) Lock based protocols
  - ii) Time Stamp based protocols