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TEE-301

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(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID: 2047

Roll No.

B. Tech.

(SEM. III) EXAMINATION, 2007-08 BASIC SYSTEM ANALYSIS

Time: 3 Hours?

[Total Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all questions.

- Attempt any four parts of the following: $5\times4=20$
 - (a) Calculate energies and powers of the following signals:
 - (i) $e^{-5t}u(t)$ (ii) $2\sin 2t + 3\cos \pi t$
 - (b) Calculate the following integrals:

(i)
$$\int_{0}^{5} (5+\cos t) \, \delta(t-10) \, dt$$

(ii)
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (t-2)^2 \, \delta(t-2) \, dt$$

(iii)
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-at^2} \delta(t-10) dt$$

- (c) Differentiate between time-invariant and time-variant systems. Give a suitable example for both types of systems.
- (d) What do you understand by linear systems? 5
 Show that the system described by the following differential equation is linear

$$\dot{y}(t) + t \ y(t) = r(t)$$

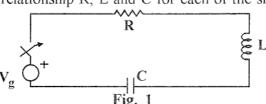
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- (e) Sketch the waveforms of the following signals: 5
 - (i) x(t) = u(t) u(t-2)
 - (ii) x(t) = u(t+1) 2u(t) + u(t-1)
 - (iii) y(t) = r(t+1) r(t) + r(t-2)

where u(t) and r(t) are unit step and ramp signals respectively.

(f) Consider the R-L-C series circuit in Fig. 1 which is closed at t=0. Write the loop equation for this circuit assuming zero initial condition. What are three different possible situations of the transient solution of above equations? Describe the corresponding relationship R, L and C for each of the situations.



- 2 Attempt any two parts of the following: $2\times10=20$
 - (a) Determine the effect of each of the following symmetry conditions on the coefficients of the Fourier series expansion for $f(\theta)$ and obtain the formula for those coefficients which do not vanish
 - (1) $f(\theta) = f(\pi \theta) \quad (2) \quad f(\theta) = -f(\pi \theta)$
 - (b) What are Dirichlet's conditions?
 - (1) Find the Fourier transform of $x(t) = \delta(t)$
 - (2) Find the inverse Fourier transform of $X(jw) = 2\pi \delta(w)$.
 - (c) Find the Fourier series of the signal shown in Fig. 2. using exponential form.

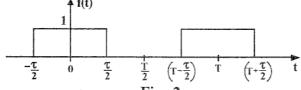


Fig. 2

10

- 3 Attempt any two parts of the following: $2\times10=20$
 - (a) Use the Laplace transform to determine the output of a system represented by the differential equation

$$\ddot{y}(t) + 5 \dot{y}(t) + 6 y(t) = 2 \dot{x}(t) + x(t)$$

in response to the input $x(t) = u(t)$. Assume that all initial conditions are zero.

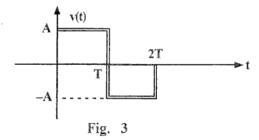
(b) Prove the following results:

(1)
$$L\left[y\left(\frac{t}{a}\right)\right]=aY(s), a>0$$

(2)
$$L[ty(t)] = \frac{d}{ds}Y(s)$$

where Y(s) is Laplace transform of y(t). 10

(c) Find the Laplace transform of the wave form shown in Fig 3. It is to be noted that v(t) = 0 for t > 2T and t < 0.



4 Attempt any two parts of the following: 2×10=20
(a) Find the state transition matrix for 10

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the corresponding resolvent matrix also.

(b) Find the output response of the system 10 described by the following state variable formulation.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$
 to unit step input

It is given that
$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $x^T(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

(c) Consider the state variable model of a second-order system represented as

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} r$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1(0) \\ x_2(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
; $r = \text{ unit step.}$

Find the state response x(t), t > 0

5 Attempt any **two** parts of the following: 2×10=20
(a) Find the Z-transform of the sequences 10

(i)
$$\delta(k)$$
 (ii) $\mu(k)$ (iii) $e^{\pm \beta k}$; $k \ge 0$

(b) Prove that
$$\lim_{z \to \infty} F(z) = f(0)$$
 10

$$\lim_{k\to\infty} f(k) = \lim_{z\to 1} \left[\left(\frac{z-1}{z} \right) F(z) \right]$$

where F(z) is Z transform of f(k).

(c) Obtain the Z-inverse of F(z) for the following: 10

(1)
$$\frac{z}{(z-0.4)}$$
, $|z| > 0.4$

(2)
$$\frac{Z}{(z-0.4)}$$
, $|z| < 0.4$